
**GCSE
CHINESE (MANDARIN)
8673/LF**

Paper 1 Listening Foundation Tier

Mark scheme

June 2024

Version: 1.0 Final



2 4 6 G 8 6 7 3 / L F / M S

Mark schemes are prepared by the Lead Assessment Writer and considered, together with the relevant questions, by a panel of subject teachers. This mark scheme includes any amendments made at the standardisation events which all associates participate in and is the scheme which was used by them in this examination. The standardisation process ensures that the mark scheme covers the students' responses to questions and that every associate understands and applies it in the same correct way. As preparation for standardisation each associate analyses a number of students' scripts. Alternative answers not already covered by the mark scheme are discussed and legislated for. If, after the standardisation process, associates encounter unusual answers which have not been raised they are required to refer these to the Lead Examiner.

It must be stressed that a mark scheme is a working document, in many cases further developed and expanded on the basis of students' reactions to a particular paper. Assumptions about future mark schemes on the basis of one year's document should be avoided; whilst the guiding principles of assessment remain constant, details will change, depending on the content of a particular examination paper.

No student should be disadvantaged on the basis of their gender identity and/or how they refer to the gender identity of others in their exam responses.

A consistent use of 'they/them' as a singular and pronouns beyond 'she/her' or 'he/him' will be credited in exam responses in line with existing mark scheme criteria.

Further copies of this mark scheme are available from [aqa.org.uk](https://www.aqa.org.uk)

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Listening and Reading tests

General principles of marking

Non-verbal answers

Follow the mark scheme as set out.

Verbal answers (English or target language)

1. The basic principle of assessment is that students should gain credit for what they know, understand and can do; provided their written response communicates the required message without ambiguity, it will get the mark. The following guidance should be borne in mind when marking.
 - (a) Credit should be given for all answers which convey the key idea required intelligibly and without ambiguity. This applies whether the answer is in English or target language. A separate assessment of spelling, punctuation and grammar is not required because of the nature of the answers. However, these aspects are an integral part of assessing communication and marks cannot be awarded where errors in spelling, punctuation or grammar lead to a failure to communicate the required information **without ambiguity**.
 - (b) Where a student has given alternatives or additional information in an answer, the following criteria should be applied: – if the alternative/addition does not contradict the key idea/make it ambiguous, **accept** – if the alternative/addition contradicts the key idea or makes it ambiguous, **reject**.
 - (c) Where numbered lines are given within a question/section of a question, credit should be given for correct answers, no matter which line they appear on.
 - (d) Where a question has more than one **section (eg (i) and (ii))**, a candidate may include as part of the answer to one section the information required to answer another section. Eg, in Listening, information required to answer section (ii) might be given as part of the answer to section (i). In such cases, credit should be given for having answered section (ii), provided that no incorrect answer has been given for that section in the correct place on the question paper.
2. In questions where students are asked to give for example a list of three items, only the first three items they write down should be considered for assessment purposes.
3. No mark scheme can cover all possible answers. When in doubt, look for the key idea.
4. Where a student has crossed out an answer and what was underneath remains legible then it should be marked. When part of an answer is crossed out, then only what remains should be considered.
5. means that these are acceptable alternative answers in the mark scheme. (.....) means that this information is not needed for full marks to be awarded.
6. In questions which are T/F/? or ✓/X/? in either Section A or Section B, a mix and match approach should be tolerated and credit given where it is clear and unambiguous (eg consistent use by the candidate). If candidates write 'True' instead of 'Vrai' in Section B, this should also be credited despite the wrong language being used.

Question	Accept	Mark
01	A (bread)	1

Question	Accept	Mark
02	A (chicken)	1

Question	Accept	Mark
03	E, F (in any order) E (sports hall) F (supermarket)	2

Question	Accept	Mark
04	B, G (in any order) B (cinema) G (train station)	2

Question	Accept	Mark
05	A, C (in any order) A (art gallery) C (park)	2

Question	Accept	Mark
06	N, P (must be in this order) N (negative) P (positive)	2

Question	Accept	Mark
07	P, P + N (must be in this order) P (positive) P + N (positive and negative)	2

Question	Accept	Mark
08	A (her brother)	1

Question	Accept	Mark
09	B (three hours)	1

Question	Key idea	Accept	Reject	Mark
10	(a lot of) vegetables			1

Question	Key idea	Accept	Reject	Mark
11	eat meat			1

Question	Accept	Mark
12	Country: A (America) Job: 4 (scientist)	2

Question	Accept	Mark
13	Country: D (Germany) Job: 1 (chef)	2

Question	Key idea	Accept	Reject	Mark
14	six years old	6		1

Question	Key idea	Accept	Reject	Mark
15	(his older) brother		younger brother	1

Question	Key idea	Accept	Reject	Mark
16	girls		children (on its own)	1

Question	Accept	Mark
17.1	D (drinks)	1

Question	Accept	Mark
17.2	B (books)	1

Question	Accept	Mark
17.3	E (gifts)	1

Question	Accept	Mark
18.1	B (geography)	1

Question	Accept	Mark
18.2	B (homework)	1

Question	Key idea	Accept	Reject	Mark
19	• Beijing opera • pop (songs) (in any order)	• Jing opera		2

Question	Key idea	Accept	Reject	Mark
20	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • He studies/goes to school in the UK/England. • His home/family is in Hong Kong. <p>(in any order)</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • He's from Hong Kong. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • He lives in the UK/England. 	2

Question	Accept	Mark
21	<p>A, C (in any order) A (cloudy) C (rainy)</p>	2

Question	Accept	Mark
22	<p>E, F (in any order) E (sunny) F (windy)</p>	2

Question	Accept	Mark
23	<p>B, C, F, H (in any order) B (dragon dancing) C (eating dumplings) F (giving red envelopes) H (lion dancing)</p>	4

Total = 40 marks